

Dilution ratio	Recovery (%)	Citrate plasma	Cell culture supernatants
1:2	Average% of Expected	89	101
	Range (%)	83-102	96-113
1:4	Average% of Expected	91	103
	Range (%)	85-112	91-112
1:8	Average% of Expected	95	104
	Range (%)	90-101	96-113
1:16	Average% of Expected	93	102
	Range (%)	88-102	90-110

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Mouse GM-CSF Immunoassay

Catalog Number: SEKM-0041

For the quantitative determination of mouse GM-CSF concentrations in cell culture supernates, serum, and plasma.

For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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Factors assayed for cross-reactivity

Recombinant mouse	Recombinant rat	Recombinant human
G-CSF		
IL-1 β		
IL-2		
IL-3		
IL-4		
IL-6		
IL-7		
IL-9		

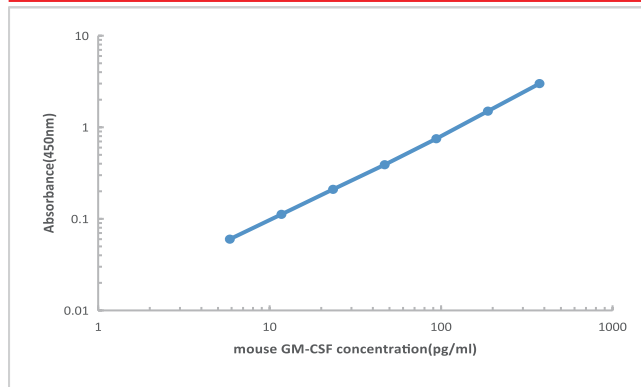
REPEATABILITY: The coefficient of variation of both intra-assay and inter-assay were less than 10%.

RECOVERY: The recovery of GM-CSF spiked to three different levels in four samples throughout the range of the assay in various matrices was evaluated.

Recovery of GM-CSF in two matrices

Sample Type	Average % of Expected Range(%)	Range(%)
Citrate plasma	95	84-105
Cell culture supernatants	97	89-108

LINEARITY: To assess the linearity of the assay, three samples were spiked with high concentrations of GM-CSF in various matrices and diluted with the appropriate Sample Diluent to produce samples with values within the dynamic range of the assay.



Representative standard curve for GM-CSF ELISA.

Performance Characteristics

SENSITIVITY: The minimum detectable dose was 3.9 pg/mL.

SPECIFICITY: This assay recognizes both natural and recombinant mouse GM-CSF. The factors listed below were prepared at 100ng/ml in Standard /sample Diluent and assayed for cross-reactivity and no significant cross-reactivity or interference was observed.

BACKGROUND

Granulocyte-Macrophage Colony Stimulating Factor (GM-CSF), also known as CSF-2, is a pleiotrophic 30 kDa member of the Common beta Chain (β) cytokine family that also includes IL-3 and IL-5. GM-CSF adopts an α -helical configuration with two intrachain disulfide bonds. It is secreted by a wide variety of activated immune, mesenchymal, and epithelial cell types and circulates as a variably glycosylated monomer. It is upregulated in multiple cell types during inflammation including encephalitogenic T cells, allergen exposed lung endothelial cells, and IgE activated mast cells. Mature mouse GM-CSF shares 54% and 69% amino acid sequence identity with human and rat GM-CSF, respectively. Rat GM-CSF is known to be active on mouse cells, while mouse GM-CSF has limited activity on rat cells.

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This assay employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. A monoclonal antibody specific for GM-CSF has been pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and any GM-CSF present is captured by the coated antibody after incubation. Following extensive washing, a biotin-conjugate antibody specific for GM-CSF is added to detect the captured GM-CSF protein in sample. For signal development, horseradish peroxidase (HRP)-conjugated Streptavidin is added, followed by tetramethyl-benzidine (TMB) reagent. Following a wash to remove any unbound combination, and enzyme conjugate is added to the wells. Solution containing sulfuric acid is used to stop color development and the color intensity which is proportional to the quantity of bound protein is measurable at 450nm.



TECHNICAL HINTS AND LIMITATIONS

1. This Solarbio ELISA should not be used beyond the expiration date on the kit label.
2. To avoid cross-contamination, use a fresh reagent reservoir and pipette tips for each step.
3. To ensure accurate results, some details, such as technique, plasticware and water sources should be emphasized.
4. A thorough and consistent wash technique is essential for proper assay performance.
5. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.
6. It is recommended that all standards and samples be assayed in duplicate.
7. Avoid microbial contamination of reagents and buffers. Buffers containing protein should be made under aseptic conditions and be prepared fresh daily.
8. In order to ensure the accuracy of the results, the standard curve should be made every time.

PRECAUTIONS

The Stop Solution suggested for use with this kit is an acid solution. Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye, and face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

1. The standard curve is used to determine the amount of Samples.
2. First, average the duplicate readings for each standard, control, and sample. All O.D. values are subtracted by the mean value of blank control before result interpretation.
3. Construct a standard curve by reducing the data using computer software capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph.
4. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the GM-CSF concentrations versus the log of the O.D. and the best fit line can be determined by regression analysis. This procedure will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data. If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.
5. This standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

Typical data using the GM-CSF ELISA

Standardized (pg/ml)	OD.	OD.	Average	Corrected
0	0.015	0.023	0.019	-
7.81	0.179	0.183	0.181	0.162
15.63	0.261	0.267	0.264	0.245
31.25	0.388	0.396	0.392	0.373
62.5	0.616	0.630	0.623	0.604
125	1.000	1.023	1.011	0.992
250	1.628	1.665	1.646	1.627
500	2.652	2.713	2.682	2.663

ASSAY PROCEDURE

Prepare all reagents and standards as directed. Wash the plate 3 times before assay.



Add 100µl standard or samples to each well, incubate 90 minutes, 37°C.



Aspirate and wash 4 times

Add 100µl working solution of Biotin-Conjugate anti-mouse GM-CSF antibody to each well, incubate 60 minutes, 37°C.



Aspirate and wash 4 times

Add 100µl working solution of Streptavidin-HRP to each well, incubate 30 minutes, 37°C.



Aspirate and wash 5 times

Add 100µl Substrate solution to each well, incubate 15 minutes, 37°C.
Protect from light.



Add 50µl Stop solution to each well. Read at 450nm within 5 minutes.

KIT COMPONENTS & STORAGE CONDITIONS

PART	SIZE	STORAGE OF OPENED/ RECONSTITUTED MATERIAL
Microwell Plate - antibody coated 96-well Microplate (8 wells x12 strips)	1 plate	Return unused wells to the foil pouch containing the desiccant pack. Reseal along entire edge of the zip-seal. May be stored for up to 1 month at 2 – 8°C**
Standard - lyophilized, 1000 pg/ml upon reconstitution	2 vials	Store at 2-8°C ***for six months
Concentrated Biotin-Conjugated antibody(100X) - 120 ul/vial	1 vial	Store at 2-8°C ***for six months
Concentrated Streptavidin-HRP solution(40X) - 300 ul/vial	1 vial	Store at 2-8°C ***for six months
Standard /sample Diluent - 16 ml/vial	1 bottle	Store at 2-8°C ***for six months
Biotin-Conjugate antibody Diluent - 16 ml/vial	1 bottle	Store at 2-8°C ***for six months
Streptavidin-HRP Diluent - 16 ml/vial	1 bottle	Store at 2-8°C ***for six months
Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x) - 30 ml/vial	1 bottle	Store at 2-8°C ***for six months
Substrate Solution - 12 ml/vial	1 bottle	Store at 2-8°C ***for six months
Stop Solution - 12 ml/vial	1 bottle	Store at 2-8°C ***for six months
Plate Cover Seals	4 pieces	

**Provided this is within the expiration date of the kit.

OTHER SUPPLIES REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED

1. Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
2. Pipettes and pipette tips.
3. Deionized or distilled water.
4. Squir bottle, manifold dispenser, or automated microplate washer.
5. 500 mL graduated cylinder.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION & STORAGE

Cell Culture Supernates - Centrifuge cell culture media at 1000×g to remove debris. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤ -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Serum - Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 2 hours at room temperature or overnight at 2-8°C. Centrifuge approximately for 15 minutes at 1000×g. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤ -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

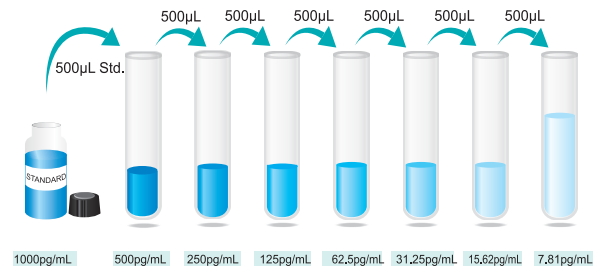
Plasma - Collect plasma using EDTA, heparin, or citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000×g within 30 minutes of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤ -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Note: It is recommended to conduct a pre-test before the formal experiment to determine the dilution ratio.

REAGENTS PREPARATION

1. **Temperature returning:** Bring all kit components and Sample to room temperature (20-25°C) before use.
2. **Wash Buffer:** Dilute 30mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate with 570mL of deionized or distilled water to prepare 600mL of Wash Buffer. If crystals have formed in the concentrate Wash Buffer, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved.

3. **Standard/Sample** - Reconstitute the Standard with 1.0mL of Standard/Sample Diluent. This reconstitution produces a stock solution of 1000 pg/mL. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Pipette 500uL of Standard/Sample Diluent into the 500pg/mL tube, and add 500uL stock solution of 1000 pg/mL into it to get the high standard of 500pg/mL. Pipette 500uL of Standard/Sample Diluent into the remaining tubes. Use the high standard to produce a 2-fold dilution series (below). Mix each tube thoroughly and change pipette tips between each transfer. The 500 pg/mL standard serves as the high standard. The Standard/Sample Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 pg/mL).



Preparation of GM-CSF standard dilutions

***If you do not run out of re-melting standard, store it at -20°C. Diluted standard shall not be reused.**

4. **Working solution of Biotin-Conjugate anti-mouse GM-CSF antibody:** Make a 1:100 dilution of the concentrated Biotin-Conjugate solution with the Biotin-Conjugate antibody Diluent in a clean plastic tube.
***The working solution should be used within one day after dilution.**
5. **Working solution of Streptavidin-HRP:** Make a 1:40 dilution of the concentrated Streptavidin-HRP solution with the Streptavidin-HRP Diluent in a clean plastic tube.
***The working solution should be used within one day after dilution.**