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## Human IL-17F Immunoassay

Catalog Number: SEKH-0027

For the quantitative determination of human interleukin-17F (IL-17F) concentrations in cell culture supernates, serum, and plasma.

For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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**LINEARITY:** To assess the linearity of the assay, three samples were spiked with high concentrations of IL-17F in various matrices and diluted with the appropriate Sample Diluent to produce samples with values within the dynamic range of the assay.

Dilution ratio	Recovery(%)	Citrate plasma	Cell culture supernatants
1:2	Average% of Expected	95	102
	Range(%)	87-105	95-111
1:4	Average% of Expected	97	103
	Range(%)	88-105	95-110

### Performance Characteristics

**SENSITIVITY:** The minimum detectable dose was 12 pg/mL.

**SPECIFICITY:** This assay recognizes both natural and recombinant human IL-17F. The factors listed below were prepared at 50ng/ml in Standard /sample Diluent and assayed for cross-reactivity and no significant cross-reactivity or interference was observed.

Factors assayed for cross-reactivity

Recombinant human	Recombinant mouse	Recombinant porcine
IL-17A	IL-17F	IL-17F
IL-17B		
IL-17C		
IL-17D		
IL-17E		
IL-17 RC		
IL-17 RD		

**RECOVERY:** The coefficient of variation of both intra-assay and inter-assay were less than 10%.

**RECOVERY:** The recovery of IL-17F spiked to three different levels in four samples throughout the range of the assay in various matrices was evaluated.

Recovery of IL-17F in two matrices

Sample Type	Average % of Expected Range(%)	Range(%)
Citrate plasma	95	86-104
Cell culture supernatants	98	89-106

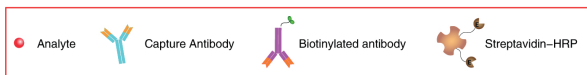
### BACKGROUND

The IL-17 family is comprised of at least six proinflammatory cytokines that share a conserved cysteine-knot structure but diverge at the N-terminus. IL-17 family members are glycoproteins secreted as dimers that induce local cytokine production and recruit granulocytes to sites of inflammation. IL-17 is induced by IL-15 and IL-23, mainly in activated CD4+ T cells distinct from Th1 or Th2 cells. IL-17F is the most homologous to IL-17, but is induced only by IL-23 in activated monocytes. IL-17B binds the IL-17B receptor, but not the IL-17 receptor; it is most homologous with IL-17D, which is expressed by resting CD4+ T cells and CD19+ B cells. IL-17E is mainly produced by Th2 cells and recruits eosinophils to lung tissue. IL-17C has a very restricted expression pattern but has been detected in adult prostate and fetal kidney libraries.

### PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This assay employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. A monoclonal antibody specific for IL-17F has been pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and any IL-17F present is captured by the coated antibody after incubation. Following extensive washing, a biotin-conjugate antibody specific for IL-17F is added to detect the captured IL-17F protein in sample. For signal development, horseradish peroxidase (HRP)-conjugated Streptavidin is added, followed by tetramethyl-benzidine (TMB) reagent. Following a wash to remove any unbound combination, and enzyme conjugate is added to the wells. Solution containing sulfuric acid is used to stop color development and the color intensity which is proportional to the quantity of bound protein is measurable at 450nm.

## DESCRIPTION



## TECHNICAL HINTS AND LIMITATIONS

1. This Solarbio ELISA should not be used beyond the expiration data on the kit label.
2. To avoid cross-contamination, use a fresh reagent reservoir and pipette tips for each step.
3. To ensure accurate results, some details, such as technique, plasticware and water sources should be emphasized.
4. A thorough and consistent wash technique is essential for proper assay performance.
5. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.
6. It is recommended that all standards and samples be assayed in duplicate.
7. Avoid microbial contamination of reagents and buffers. Buffers containing protein should be made under aseptic conditions and be prepared fresh daily.
8. In order to ensure the accuracy of the results, the standard curve should be made every time.

## PRECAUTIONS

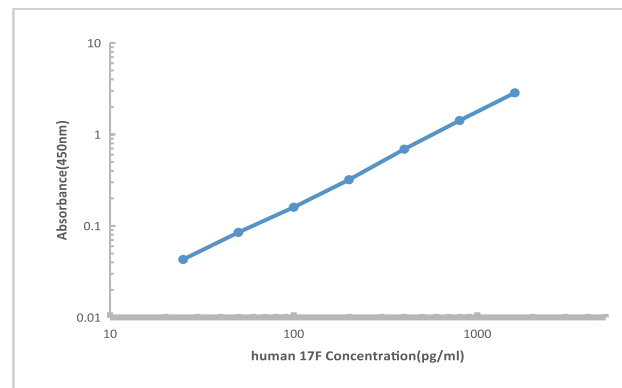
The Stop Solution suggested for use with this kit is an acid solution. Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye, and face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

## DESCRIPTION

regression analysis. This procedure will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data. If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor. 5. This standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

Typical data using the IL-17F ELISA

Standardized (pg/ml)	OD.	OD.	Average	Corrected
0	0.06	0.063	0.061	----
25	0.085	0.090	0.087	0.026
50	0.109	0.107	0.108	0.046
100	0.163	0.172	0.167	0.106
200	0.255	0.238	0.246	0.185
400	0.568	0.543	0.555	0.494
800	0.975	0.953	0.964	0.902
1600	2.244	2.285	2.2645	2.203



Preparation of IL-17F standard dilutions

**ASSAY PROCEDURE**

Prepare all reagents and standards as directed.



Add 100µl standard or samples to each well, incubate 90 minutes, 37°C.



Aspirate and wash 4

Add 100µl working solution of Biotin-Conjugate anti-human IL-17F antibody to each well, incubate 60 minutes, 37°C.



Aspirate and wash 4

Add 100µl working solution of Streptavidin-HRP to each well, incubate 30 minutes, 37°C.



Aspirate and wash 5

Add 100µl Substrate solution to each well, incubate 15 minutes, 37°C.  
Protect from light.



Add 50µl Stop solution to each well. Read at 450nm within 30 minutes.

**CALCULATION OF RESULTS**

1. The standard curve is used to determine the amount of specimens.
2. First, average the duplicate readings for each standard, control, and sample. All O.D. values are subtracted by the mean value of blank control before result interpretation.
3. Construct a standard curve by reducing the data using computer software capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph.
4. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the IL-17F concentrations versus the log of the O.D. and the best fit line can be determined by

**KIT COMPONENTS & STORAGE CONDITIONS**

PART	SIZE	STORAGE OF OPENED/ RECONSTITUTED MATERIAL
Microwell Plate - antibody coated 96-well Microplate (8 wells x 12 strips)	1 plate	Return unused wells to the foil pouch containing the desiccant pack. Reseal along entire edge of the zip-seal. May be stored for up to 1 month at 2 – 8°C**
Standard - lyophilized, 1600 pg/ml upon reconstitution	2 vials	Store at 2-8°C **for six months
Concentrated Biotin-Conjugated antibody(100X) - 120 ul/vial	1 vial	Store at 2-8°C **for six months
Concentrated Streptavidin-HRP solution(40X) - 300 ul/vial	1 vial	Store at 2-8°C **for six months
Standard /sample Diluent - 16 ml/vial	1 bottle	Store at 2-8°C **for six months
Biotin-Conjugate antibody Diluent - 16 ml/vial	1 bottle	Store at 2-8°C **for six months
Streptavidin-HRP Diluent - 16 ml/vial	1 bottle	Store at 2-8°C **for six months
Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x) - 30 ml/vial	1 bottle	Store at 2-8°C **for six months
Substrate Solution - 12 ml/vial	1 bottle	Store at 2-8°C **for six months
Stop Solution - 12 ml/vial	1 bottle	Store at 2-8°C **for six months
Plate Cover Seals	4 pieces	

\*\*Provided this is within the expiration date of the kit.

**OTHER SUPPLIES REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED**

1. Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
2. Pipettes and pipette tips.
3. Deionized or distilled water.
4. Squir bottle, manifold dispenser, or automated microplate washer.
5. 500 mL graduated cylinder.
6. Human IL-17F controls (optional; available from Solarbio).

**SPECIMEN COLLECTION & STORAGE**

**Cell Culture Supernates** - Centrifuge cell culture media at 1000×g to remove debris. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at  $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**Serum** - Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 2 hours at room temperature or overnight at 2-8°C. Centrifuge at approximately 15 minutes at 1000×g. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at  $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. samples at  $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**Plasma** - Collect plasma using EDTA, heparin, or citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000×g within 30 minutes of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at  $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**Note:** The normal human serum or plasma samples are suggested to make a 1:2 dilution.

**REAGENTS PREPARATION**

1. **Temperature returning** - Bring all kit components and specimen to room temperature (20-25°C) before use.
2. **Wash Buffer** - Dilute 30mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate with 570mL of deionized or distilled water to prepare 600mL of Wash Buffer. If crystals have formed in the concentrate Wash Buffer, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved.

3. **Standard/Specimen** - Reconstitute the Standard with 1.0mL of Standard/Sample Diluent. This reconstitution produces a stock solution of 1600pg/mL. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Pipette 500µL of Standard/Sample Diluent into 800pg/ml tube and the remaining tubes. Use the stock solution of 1600pg/mL to produce a 2-fold dilution series (below). Mix each tube thoroughly and change pipette tips between each transfer. The 1600 pg/mL standard serves as the high standard. The Standard/Sample Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 pg/mL).

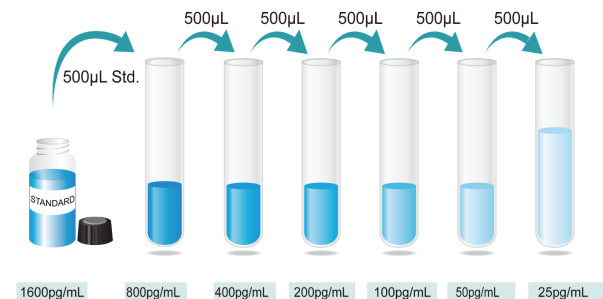
**\*If you do not run out of re-melting standard, store it at -20°C. Diluted standard shall not be reused.**

4. **Working solution of Biotin-Conjugate anti-human IL-17F antibody:** Make a 1:100 dilution of the concentrated Biotin-Conjugate solution with the Biotin-Conjugate antibody Diluent in a clean plastic tube.

**\*The working solution should be used within one day after dilution.**

5. **Working solution of Streptavidin-HRP:** Make a 1:40 dilution of the concentrated Streptavidin-HRP solution with the Streptavidin-HRP Diluent in a clean plastic tube.

**\*The working solution should be used within one day after dilution.**



Preparation of IL-17F standard dilutions